

H-2B Temporary Non-Agricultural Visa Program General Overview and Requirements

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Office of Foreign Labor Certification Employment and Training Administration United States Department of Labor This presentation is intended as general information only and does not carry the force of legal opinion.

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This presentation will not discuss the roles and responsibilities of other government agencies or summarize any H-2B regulatory provisions prior to the 2015 H-2B Interim Final Rule and Wage Final Rule.



Department of Labor Overview of the Immigration Process

- Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) regulates the admission of foreign nationals into the U.S.
- Secretaries of Homeland Security (DHS) and State (DOS) designated as principal administrators of the INA
- Several types of employment-based visas require employers to first obtain a labor certification from the Secretary of Labor (DOL)
- DOL plays a statutory role in certifying to DHS and DOS that:
 - 1. There are not sufficient qualified U.S. workers who are available for the job; and
 - 2. Employment of the foreign worker will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of U.S. workers similarly employed

STEP 1



- Obtain a labor certification from **DOL**
 - work will be performed



classification



After receiving DHS petition approval, the employer typically engages foreign labor recruiters and the worker(s) apply with a **DOS** embassy or consulate abroad for a visa

STEP 4



After receiving the visa from a DOS consulate, workers arrive at a port of entry where **DHS's Customs and Border Protection** verifies eligibility for admission and length of stay



Generally, requires conducting a labor market test with the State Workforce Agency (SWA) where

Obtain an approved petition from **DHS** for a specific worker or number of workers in the visa

H-2B Visa Program Legal Authority

Statutory and Regulatory Authorities

- INA of 1986 established the H-2B visa permitting nonimmigrant workers to perform "temporary [non-agricultural] service or labor if unemployed persons capable of performing such service or labor cannot be found in this country." 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b)
- Congress vested DHS with authority to administer the H-2B program and to grant an employer's petition "after consultation with appropriate agencies of the Government." 8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(1)
- Accordingly, DHS regulations require employers to first obtain a prevailing wage and labor certification from DOL as consultative advice on the availability of qualified U.S. workers. 8 CFR 214.2(h)(6)(iii)(A) and (D)

DOL Regulatory Authority On April 29, 2015, DOL and DHS issued two joint ____

- regulations.
 - **States**
 - Program
 - (CFR) at:

eCFR :: 20 CFR Part 655 Subpart A -- Labor **Certification Process for Temporary Non-Agricultural** Employment in the United States (H-2B Workers)



Interim Final Rule: Temporary Non-Agricultural Employment of H–2B Workers in the United

Final Rule: Wage Methodology for the Temporary Non-Agricultural Employment in the H–2B

• The **current** H-2B regulations are accessible via the electronica Code of Federal Regulations

H-2B Visa Program **Roles and Responsibilities**

Virgin Islands Department of Labor (VIDOL)

- Reviews job orders for compliance with program requirements
- Posts approved job orders for active recruitment
- Makes referrals of qualified U.S. workers and may conduct post-certification site visits

DOL Office of Foreign Labor Certification (OFLC)

- Issues prevailing wages for H-2B jobs
- Reviews H-2B applications/job orders for compliance
- Provides instructions to employers for advertising jobs to U.S. workers ____
- Issues labor certification decisions and may conduct post-certification audit examinations

DOL Wage and Hour Division (WHD)

- Conducts investigations and enforces the terms and conditions of employment in the H-2B certification
- Examines whether the employer conducted the required recruitment for U.S. workers
- Determines whether U.S. workers were offered employment and whether U.S. workers were improperly _ laid off or displaced



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Visa Cap Summary Compared to U.S. Employer Demand

Annual statutory visa cap at 66,000 based on 150,000 work start date 135,000 1st half 33,000 (Oct – Mar) 120,000 2nd half 33,000 (Apr – Sept) 105,000 In FY 2024, DHS authorized an additional 64,716 visas based on Congressional authority 90,000 - 20,716 1st half Returning Workers 75,000 - 19,000 2nd half (4/1 - 5/14) Returning 56,140 60,000 Workers - 5,000 2nd half (5/15 - 9/30) Returning 45,000 **Workers** 20,000 All Year El Salvador, Guatemala, 30,000 24,838 Honduras, Haiti, Colombia, Ecuador, and 15,000 Costa Rica DHS administers the visa cap and some 0

statutory exemptions

FY 2024 H-2B Worker Demand, by Work Start Date

FEB

JAN

OCT

NOV

DEC





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General Overview

Basic Program Eligibility

- Must be U.S. employer (e.g., fixed-site business or job contractor), but employer associations cannot apply on behalf of their members
- Services or labor must be nonagricultural
- Job opportunity is a bona fide, full-time (35 or more hours per week) temporary position
- The nature of the employer's need for the services to be performed must meet one of the following DHS regulatory standards (<u>8 CFR 214.2(h)(6)(ii)</u>):
 - One-time occurrence;
 - Seasonal;
 - Peakload; or
 - Intermittent

Important Compliance Reminder(s)

Additional DHS guidance on temporary need is at <u>https://www.uscis.gov/working-in-the-united-states/temporary-workers/h-2b-non-agricultural-workers/guidance-on-temporary-need-in-h-2b-petitions</u>

Temporary Need

- Employer must establish that its need is temporary in nature, regardless of whether the underlying job is permanent or temporary
- Employer must have a bona fide need for the number of worker positions from the requested work start date through end date
- A job contractor will only be permitted to file applications based on a seasonal need or a one-time occurrence standard
- By regulation, employment must be 9 months or less, but Congressional budget riders prohibit DOL from enforcing this provision



General Overview

One-Time Occurrence Standard

- Based on program experience, this standard can be viable to help with temporary events such as disaster reconstruction and recovery
- DHS defines one-time occurrence where:
 - The employer has not employed workers to perform the services or labor in the past, and the petitioner will not need workers to perform this in the future; or
 - The employer has an employment situation that is otherwise permanent, but a temporary event of short duration has created a need for temporary workers. See <u>8 CFR</u> 214.2(h)(6)(ii)(B)(1)
- In the case of a one-time event an employer's period of need could last up to three years.

- In unique circumstances related to disaster recovery projects, the employer will need to workers and the period of employment
- Employers must have bona fide work ____
- For example, the employer will need to have

Important Compliance Reminder(s)

For a 3-year period of need, the employer will only receive a Temporary Labor Certification (TLC) in 12 month increments and must re-file annually demonstrating that qualified U.S. workers are still not available in sufficient numbers to fill the job vacancies



demonstrate a bona fide need for the number of

executed work contracts or work agreements with clear project and labor staffing plan in place

H-2B Visa Program Major Steps in the Labor Certification Process

STEP 1: Employer obtains a Prevailing Wage Determination (PWD) for the job and area of intended employment

<u>STEP 2</u>: Employer submits a job order to State Workforce Agency (SWA) serving the area of intended employment

STEP 3: Employer concurrently submits the H-2B application, and supporting documentation to OFLC for processing

<u>STEP 4</u>: OFLC reviews H-2B application and, where requirements are met, authorizes recruitment for U.S. workers

<u>STEP 5</u>: OFLC issues a TLC to grant or deny labor certification



Important Resource OFLC offers electronic processing services through the Foreign Labor Application Gateway (FLAG) system at

https://flag.dol.gov



H-2B Visa Program Step 1: Obtain a PWD for the Job Opportunity

Wage Requirements

- Employer must offer, advertise in recruitment, and pay workers at least the **highest of**:
 - 1. Prevailing Wage;
 - 2. Federal, State, or Local Minimum Wage
- The prevailing wage for the job and area of intended employment is determined as follows:
 - Collective bargaining agreement (CBA) covering the job opportunity; or
 - The arithmetic mean of wages under the **DOL Bureau of Labor Statistics Occupational Employment and Wage** Statistics (OEWS) Survey for the occupation; or
 - A wage based on an employer-provided survey in limited circumstances that meets regulatory standards under 20 CFR 655.10(f)

• OFLC National Prevailing Wage Center (NPWC) - Employer electronically requests (using Form ETA-9141) a PWD from the OFLC NPWC

- ____ to the employer
- **PWD**
- worksites

Important Filing Tip:

A valid PWD is needed to start Step 2 (Submit a Job Order to VIDOL), so *plan to submit a PWD request* at least 60 calendar days before starting Step 2.



The NPWC will process the request and issue an electronic PWD, indicating the wage source,

 The PWD will specify the validity period, which will be no more than 365 days and no less than 90 days from the date the NPWC issued the

If there are multiple worksites within an area of intended employment, the PWD will be the wage that is the highest wage among all the

H-2B Visa Program Step 2: Submit a Job Order to the SWA

Program Requirements

- An employer submits a job order using a form administered by the SWA covering the area of intended employment
- Must submit job order *no more than 90 days* and no less than 75 days before work start date (regulatory)
- Employer informs the SWA that the job order will be used in connection with an H-2B application it will file concurrently with OFLC
- Job order must meet minimum regulatory terms and conditions at 20 CFR 655.18 and any statespecific requirements
- SWA reviews job order and notifies employer of any deficiencies within 6 business days

- An Employer must ...
 - provide to H-2B workers
 - workers
 - the same occupation and area

Important Compliance Reminder(s)

For work on the U.S. Virgin Islands, employers must register and file job orders through the Virgin Islands Electronic Workforce System (VIEWS)



Offer to U.S. workers no less than the same benefits, wages, and working conditions that the employer is offering, intends to offer, or will

Not impose on U.S. workers any restrictions or obligations that will not be imposed on H-2B

Offer job requirements that are bona fide and consistent with the normal and accepted qualifications and requirements imposed by employers that DO NOT use H-2B workers in

H-2B Visa Program Step 3: Submit H-2B Application to OFLC

Program Requirements

- An employer or its authorized attorney or agent may file the H-2B application with OFLC using the FLAG system
- An association or other organization of employers cannot file master applications on behalf of its employer-members
- Only one H-2B application may be filed for worksite(s) within one area of intended employment with an employer for each period of employment
- Multiple positions may be requested under one application provided all workers are performing the same services . . .
 - Under the same terms and conditions;
 - In the same occupation and area of intended employment; and
 - During the same period of employment



Important Compliance Reminder(s)

An employer, or its authorized attorney/agent, must file the H-2B application *no more than 90 days and no less than 75 days before work start date (regulatory)*



H-2B Visa Program Step 3: Submit H-2B Application to OFLC

General Filing Requirements

- Form ETA-9142B (including valid PWD number)
 - Appendix A additional worksite locations (if applicable)
 - Appendix B signed and dated copy of the original (required)
 - Appendix C foreign labor recruiter information (if applicable)
- Copy of the job order concurrently submitted to the SWA
- Agent agreement/documentation demonstrating authority to represent the employer (if applicable)
- Copies of all contracts/agreements with any agent and/or recruiter engaged in international recruitment of H-2B workers (if applicable)
- Copy of Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (MSPA) registration for the employer or agent (if applicable)

Additional Documents for Job Contractors

- original for the employer-client
- contractor and employer-client

Important Compliance Reminder(s)

- program



 Appendix D – identifying the one employerclient associated with the job opportunity

Appendix B – signed and dated copy of

- A **separate** statement of temporary need for the employer-client on the Form ETA-9142B Section B.8 (include only one attachment)

Copy of an executed contract between the job

Provide certified translations of any contracts or agreements which are not in English

Each employer is responsible for the accuracy of representations made and for all assurances and obligations under the H-2B

H-2B Visa Program Step 3: Submit H-2B Application to OFLC

Major Work Guarantees and Employer Assurances

- Provide tools, supplies, and equipment at no cost
- Provide board or lodging, including fringe benefits, or assist workers to secure such facilities.
- Provide daily transportation to and from the worksites (as applicable)
- Pay or reimburse workers for inbound-outbound transportation and subsistence
- Pay workers "free-and-clear" at least every 2 weeks and disclose all deductions from worker pay
- Reimburse all visa processing, border crossing, and other related fees
- Provide workers with a copy of the work contract in a language understood by the worker at the time of visa application or the job offer is made
- No strike or lockout at the worksite(s)

- No discriminatory hiring practices or unfair treatment of workers
- No U.S. worker layoffs starting 120 days before work start date through end of work contract
- Must notify H-2B workers of their duty to depart the U.S. after work is completed
- Prohibition on charging workers any costs for activities related to obtaining certification
- Maintain a poster of workers' rights in English and in any other language understood by the worker

Important Compliance Reminder(s) Refer to 20 CFR 655.20 to read and understand all of the regulatory assurances and obligations of H-2B employers



H-2B Visa Program **Step 4: OFLC Application Review Process**

Program Requirements

- OFLC review applications for completeness, obvious errors or inaccuracies, and compliance with program requirements
- Issue a Notice of Deficiency (NOD) or a Notice of Acceptance (NOA) within 7 business days of receipt (regulatory)
- If accepted, the NOA identifies positive recruitment steps the employer must initiate within 14 days and complete before labor certification decision is issued.
- Additionally, the NOA specifies a date on which an initial recruitment report must be submitted and any additional documentation to grant a TLC

Positive Recruitment of U.S. Workers

- OFLC posts approved job on national job contract period begins
- Employer contacts former U.S. workers their return to the job
- of the job order to all employees for 15 consecutive business days
- OFLC may require additional recruitment search websites)



registry https://seasonaljobs.dol.gov in "active" status until 21 days before the certified work

employed during the previous year and solicits

– Employer contacts bargaining representative or, if not applicable, posts or circulates a copy

requirements depending on the job (e.g., job

H-2B Visa Program **Step 4: OFLC Application Review Process**

Submission of Recruitment Report

- Recruitment report cannot be submitted until the employer has completed all recruitment steps.
- Employer (not the attorney or agent) must prepare, sign, and date a written recruitment report
- Any qualified U.S. worker who applies for the job and may reside on the Virgin Islands or anywhere within the continental United States or other territories (e.g., Puerto Rico) must be considered for hire.

Important Compliance Reminder

No Preferential Treatment! An employer must offer U.S. workers terms and working conditions at least as favorable as those offered or provided to H-2B workers.

Content of Recruitment Report

- Recruitment report must include . .
 - or source by name
 - disposition of each worker
 - Clearly indicate, for each worker, the worker accepted or declined
 - (if applicable)



Identification of each recruitment activity

Name/contact information of each U.S. worker who applied for the job and the

whether the job was offered and whether

Explanation of the lawful job-related reason(s) for not hiring each U.S. worker

H-2B Visa Program Step 5: Issuance of TLC Determination

TLC Determination Process

- After receipt of the initial recruitment report, OFLC will perform a final review of the application and issue a TLC determination
- A decision to deny or partially certify the TLC request will . . .
 - State the reason(s) full certification is denied and cite the relevant regulatory standards;
 - Provide notice of the employer's right to request administrative review (i.e., appeal) in writing within 10 business days from the TLC determination date; and
 - Provide notice that the TLC determination is the final decision of the Secretary if the employer does not request administrative review

Conditions of the Certified TLC

- When granted, the TLC (Form ETA-9142B and all appendices) is valid only for . . .
 - the period of employment;
 - number of H-2B workers;
 - area of intended employment;
 - job classification and specific services or labor to be performed; **and**
 - the named employer(s) certified by OFLC
- The TLC cannot be transferred to another employer, except where the other employer is a successor in interest
- The TLC expires on the last day of authorized employment, or any approved extension by OFLC



H-2B Visa Program Step 5: Issuance of TLC Determination

TLC Documents Issued to Employer

- A determination to *certify* the TLC request will include ...
 - An electronic notice of certification; and
 - Form ETA-9142B Final Determination: H-2B Temporary Labor Certification Approval
- Employer will submit a copy of the Form ETA-____ 9142B to DHS with the I-129 petition package
- For more information the DHS petition process, ____ see the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) website at

https://www.uscis.gov/working-in-the-unitedstates/temporary-workers/h-2b-temporary-nonagricultural-workers

Form ETA-0162A - Fig	ploation for Temporary Employment G of Determination: H-3A Temporary Lat U.B. Department of Later	ter Carlhaden Agened
APPROVAL OF	H-2A TEMPORARY LABOR	CERTIFICATION
as amended, 8 U.S.C. §§ 1101(a)(15)/ not sufficient workers who are able, with 52 the job opportunities for which certifi	N(G)(a), 1104(a), and 1188, the D rig, and qualified, and who will be fusion is sought, and the employe	II of the immigration and Nationality Ad, hquatment haveby certifies that there are available at the time and place needed to meet of the H-2A temporary worker(s) in orditions of workers in the United States
Therefore, by virtue of the signature b following 25-24 Application for Temporary		Anowledges granting certification for the ETA-9142A and Form ETA-790/790A)
1. DOL Case Number 14.300-10240-020738	2. Case Status Partial Certification	3. Determination Date 06/06/2010
 Employee Logal Business NameCoPEN Hospitality And More 12-1254587 	eu .	
5. Juli Tille Status Check Job		
6. SOC Gade 35-3041.00	7. SOC Ossignation Title Food Servers, Norrestaurant	
8. Worker Positions Certified 1	8. Employment Begin Date 11/12/2019	10. Employment End Date 3/11/2020
11. Department of Lakor Office of Foreign Lakor Certification prectrunc agreeurs	Centify	ing Officer
employment, number of i+2A position services or later to be performed, and I 790/790A, including any approved modif Each employer covered by this approve under penalty of perjury that it has read under penalty of perjury that it has read outsized therein and all documentatio Certification, including any representation comployer covered by this approved IF3	II. the area of intended employe the employer(x) specified on these flucture. ed H-2A Application for Temporar, and reviewed every page of these addendums, and takes full response in supporting this approved H-2A no make by the employer's authors 24 Application for Temporary Emp by all terms, assessments, and still	certification is valid only for the period of ment, the job classification and specific a approved Forms ETA-0142A and ETA- ty Employment Certification has declared a approved Forms ETA-0142A and ETA- reliably for the accuracy of all information Application for Temporary Employment one append or atterney as application. Each playment Certification has attented that it fighters as a condition for receiving this to Department.
The employer(s) will provide a copy of th	he work contract, which may be th	re approved Forms ETA-0142A and ETA- relation with the Strang requirements of 20

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ON



H-2B Visa Program **Important Post-Certification Obligations**

Recruitment of U.S. Workers

- Employer must continue to cooperate with the SWA to recruit for the job opportunity and provide employment to any qualified U.S. worker who applies until 21 days before the start date of need.
- Employer must continue to update the recruitment report through the entire recruitment period.

Cooperate with DOL Audits or Investigations

- Retain and be prepared to submit all required documentation supporting the TLC in the event of an OFLC audit or WHD investigation.
- Cooperate fully with a SWA "site visit" or OFLC audit examination or WHD investigation

Timely Report Worker Separations

- Employer must notify the OFLC and DHS in employer.
- Separations include:
 - date;
 - consent of the employer; or
 - period.
- To report worker abandonment and termination



writing of the separation no later than 2 working days after the separation is discovered by the

"No shows" within 5 workdays of work start

Abscondment where worker leaves without notice and fails to report for work for a period of 5 consecutive workdays without the

Terminations for cause during work contract

to OFLC, send an email to tlc.chicago@dol.gov

H-2B Visa Program Protecting Workers and Program Integrity

Worker Rights Posters





 H-2B available in English and Spanish at: <u>https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/immigration/h2b</u>



Worker Rights' Cards

U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION This card summarizes legal protections and requirements for H-2B workers.

H-2B For more information call toll-free: **1-866-4US-WAGE** (1-866-487-9243) or visit our website at www.dol.gov/whd

Legal Protections for H-2B Workers

Available in English and Spanish

Protecting Workers and Program Integrity, continued

Reporting Violations of H-2 Labor Certifications

- File a complaint with the DOL Wage and Hour Division (WHD) by calling the toll-free helpline at 1-866-4US-WAGE (1-866-487-9243).
- Visit the WHD for more information at http://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd

Reporting Violations of Discrimination Based on **Immigration Status or Citizenship**

- For questions about the anti-discrimination provisions of the INA, call the DOJ Immigrant and Employee Rights (IER) section using the toll-free helpline at 1-800-255-8155.
- Visit the DOJ-IER to file a charge at https://www.justice.gov/crt/filing-charge

Reporting Human Trafficking

- **Program Abuse**
 - 1-800-347-3756.



– File a report with the National Human Trafficking Hotline (NHTH) by calling the toll-free helpline at **1-888-373-7888**.

- Visit the NHTH for more information at https://humantraffickinghotline.org/

Reporting DOL Immigration Fraud or

 File a report with the DOL Office of Inspector General (OIG) by calling the helpline at **1-202-693-6999** or toll-free at

 Visit the DOL-OIG to file a report at https://www.oig.dol.gov/hotlinecontact.htm

How Can We Help You?

Training and Compliance Materials

- FLAG System: Additional resources available at <u>https://flag.dol.gov</u>, where users can get help, access videos and tutorials, set up an account, and report technical problems
- H-2B Program Video Tutorial: A more complete video tutorial on OFLC H-2B program is available on YouTube at <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XJ-B3sJ5-Ww</u>
- Labor Law Compliance Assistance:
 - Outreach materials, including fact sheets, workers' rights cards, FAQs, and posters, are available on the WHD website at <u>https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd</u>
 - DOL Wage and Hour Division (WHD) toll-free information and help line is available 8am-5pm in your time zone at 1-866-4US-WAGE (1-866-487-9243)





How Can We Help You?

FLAG System Contacts

- Contact Login.gov at https://www.login.gov for technical issues with account creation, signing in, or changing Login.gov settings.
- Contact DOL FLAG Helpdesk for any technical problems filing applications at https://flag.dol.gov/support/contact

H-2B Program Contacts

- Contact OFLC NPWC Helpdesk for any questions related to processing prevailing wage requests at <u>flc.pwd@dol.gov</u>
- Contact the OFLC Program Helpdesk for any questions related to the processing of H-2B applications at <u>tlc.chicago@dol.gov</u>

OFLC Website

- "Subscribe" to receive program updates via e-mail





at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/foreign-labor